Russian

The list of topics is indicative only (as typically encountered at those levels) to help prospective students select the most appropriate course. When topics and grammar points appear under several levels, they will be either a revision and/or more in-depth study of the topic/grammar area. Most grammar structures and vocabulary items are of course encountered again and often reinforced in subsequent levels.

Progression	Development	Communication Skills/Topics	Grammar
Beginners	Step 1	The alphabet & its rules of reading and writing. Phrases of saying hello and good bye. Greetings & asking names of people. Russian names. Personal details. Identifying people & objects. Position and location of things. Asking for things. Directions. Numbers 1 – 20. Describing places and locations. Towns, places of interest. Countries and nationalities. Occupation. Introducing yourself. Objects	Interrogative sentences. Questions to subject and object. Forms of agreeing and disagreeing. Personal pronouns. Adverbs of degree. Gender of nouns. Noun endings. The verb "говорить» (to speak). Adjectives. The verbs "работать" (to work) "говорить" (to speak). Nominative case. Genitive case. Genitive case. The Accusative case of the pronouns. Prepositions. E-conjugation and i-conjugation of the verbs
	Step 2	Interviewing. Asking phone number, e-mail and home address. Objects. Personal belongings. Numbers 21 – 100. Ordinal numerals. Classroom objects. Family and personal relations.	1st and 2nd conjugation verbs. The present tense. To have. Possessive pronouns. Construction "У меня есть" (I have got). The Genitive case of nouns. Construction "Чей?" (Whose?). The Genitive case of nouns with preposition «из». The Accusative case of nouns.

		Hobbies and leisure.activities. Drinks, meals. Favourite books. Houses, rooms, facilities. Rooms and furniture. Hotel booking, facilities.	Conjugation of verbs with suffixes "-ова-/-ева-" in the first person. The prepositions "в", "на" (in, on). The verb «играть» (to play) with the prepositions "в/на." The plural form of nouns. The prepositional case of nouns with endings -e, -y, -ой
Elementary	Step 1	Work. Typical working day. Describing people and objects. Food and drinks. National cuisines. Ordering food in restaurant. Russian cuisine. Colours.; Idioms with colours. Fashion; Clothes, shoes, accessories. Russian proverbs. In the shop. Seasons of the year	The prepositional case of nouns with endings -ии. The plural form of nouns. Demonstrative pronouns. The verbs "сидеть," "лежать," "стоять," "висеть," "жить" (to sit, to lie, to stand, to hang, to live). Adverbs. Adjectives opposites. Adjectives vs. adverbs. The Genitive case of nouns with the preposition "без" (without). The instrumental case of nouns with the preposition "c" (with). The adverbs of frequency. The conjugation of the verbs "есть" (to eat), "пить" (to drink). The Accusative case of adjectives, possessive pronouns and numerals. The conjugation of the verb "хотеть" (to want). The past tense. The verbs "носить", "надевать" (to wear, to get dressed)
	Step 2	Daily routine. Shopping Dates, years, months, numbers. Talking about time. Days of week. Weather. Months of the year. Cardinal and Ordinal numbers. Cities.	The modal verbs "должен" (must) "мочь» (can). The instrumental case with the verbs "работать" (to work), "быть" (to be), "стать" (to become). The verb "идти" (to go). Reflexive verbs. The Genitive case of nouns. The future tense. The verbs"идти" (to go), "ходить" (to walk). The verbs "ехать", "ездить"(to travel by) Question words "Где?" "Куда?" "Откуда?"

Lower Intermediate		Getting around; Travelling. Means of transport. Celebrations and Holidays	The Prepositional, Accusative and Genitive cases. Revision of the verbs.
	Step 1	Telling about oneself (biographies, nationalities) Directions and countries Languages and talking about them Daily routine – activities, times, frequencies Describing spaces and distances At the hotel Itineraries, transport, travelling Food – orders, routines, comments National cuisines Written communication (postcard to a friend) New Year and Christmas Formulas of wishes/congratulations on occasions	Revision of present tense, gender of nouns Absence of definite and indefinite articles Omission of 'to be' in the present tense Interrogative sentences Possessive pronouns and adjectives with nouns Verbs in the present tense (1st conjugation and 2nd conjugation) Modal structures можно / надо / нельзя Accusative case (revision + new) Introduction to conjugations (и, а, но) Present tense of key irregular verbs Spelling rules Direction and location – accusative and prepositional Kyдa, туда, сюда (adverbs of direction) Short adjectives Genitive case (Revision + new) Instrumental with verbs (e.g. поздравлять)
	Step 2	Discussing menu / Eating out Describing people – personalities, appearance, professions Family and relations Contact details and asking for them Conventions for names, addresses, modes of addressing people Hobbies and activities Visiting people at their homes Modes of residence Small talk in formal/informal contexts Narrating in the past: telling a story Sports	Present tense of verbs слышать/ слушать (to hear vs to listen), стоять / стоить (to stand/to cost) Revision of case endings Accusative in animate/inanimate nouns Masculine nouns ending in –a with adjectives Gender forms of numeral 'one' Ordinal numerals 1 – 30 Neuter nouns in -мя Pronouns весь/ всё/все (whole/all) in context Reflexive verbs with instrumental case Introduction to verbs of motion Present tense of носить (to carry), возить (to transport) Prepositions with cases, vowel harmony in prepositions

		Talking about careers Holiday time Weather, seasons, climate	Кто, что, чей, какой (who/what/whose/which) Irregular past tense (revision + new) Possessive structures in Russian Declension of этот / тот (this/that) Prepositional case ending in –y Свой ('one's own')
Intermediate	Step 1	The home; renting, furniture and objects Mass media Giving instructions, polite form questions Shopping; prices, buying things Travel: buying a ticket, describing a journey Theatre: buying tickets, describing plays, films Telling the time Health: visiting the doctors	Passive voice Nominative; accusative and genitive plurals The imperative mood Transitive and intransitive verbs Partitive genitive Prefixed verbs of motion; verbs 'to sit' and 'to lie' Comparatives The use of and constructions with the verb <i>болеть</i>
	Step 2	Giving advice Describing the past Describing places Women's rights; migration – forming POV, reasoning Russian political situation Education: describing forms of learning, comparing educational systems Environment: talking about problems and solutions Russian expressions and idioms	Negatives Years and numerals Subjunctive mood Sentences with conjunction Form present active and past Active participles Agreement of the participle Passive voice; passive participles , past and present Conjunctions; explanatory, causal comparative and temporal

nediate	Step 1	Greetings/ farewells/ introductions Discussing and describing people Traits and character Describing one's family and family history Asking about someone's private life Agreeing and disagreeing	The reflexive pronoun себя (oneself) Reflexive possessive pronoun свой (one's own) the conjunctions потому что, так как, and который in the prepositional case Sentence connectors, word order Review of verb conjugation Reflexive pronouns in the genitive case Quantifiers The past tense
Higher Intermediate	Step 2	Discussing eating habits, recipes Describing your family tree Relationships: giving advice Invitations, congratulations and wishes Restaurants: making reservations, ordering and asking for the bill My university: class schedules, exams, grades, advice to first years Choosing a university, making recommendations	The reflexive pronouns себя and свой in the accusative case который in the accusative and dative case Connectors for ordering and adding information. Verbs of position Imperatives: second-person (ты/вы) imperatives, third- person (он, она, они), first-person imperatives Reflexive pronouns себя and свой in the Dative case. The future tenses: using aspect in the future tense. The conditional mood: Real and unreal conditions.

